June 15, 2005

Ms. Laura C. Rodriguez Walsh, Anderson, Brown, Schulze & Aldridge P.O. Box 460606 San Antonio, Texas 78246-0606

OR2005-05287

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 226178.

The Comal Independent School District (the "school district") received a request for information relating to disciplinary action against school bus drivers that resulted in "resignation, termination, suspension or any other discipline." You state that you have released some of the requested information but claim that the submitted information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.101 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted information.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision. See Gov't Code § 552.101. Section 552.101 encompasses information that is protected from disclosure by other statutes. You raise two federal statutes for portions of the information.

You claim that the driver information in exhibit D is excepted from disclosure pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code in conjunction with section 31306 of title 49 of the United States Code and section 382.405 of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. Section 31306 relates to alcohol and controlled substances testing for operators of commercial motor vehicles. Section 31306(b) provides in part:

(b) Testing program for operators of commercial motor vehicles. - (1)(A) In the interest of commercial motor vehicle safety, the Secretary of Transportation shall prescribe regulations that establish a program requiring motor carriers to conduct preemployment, reasonable suspicion, random, and post-accident testing of operators of commercial motor vehicles for the use

. . .

of a controlled substance in violation of law or a United States Government regulation and to conduct reasonable suspicion, random, and post-accident testing of such operators for the use of alcohol in violation of law or a United States Government regulation. . . .

49 U.S.C. § 31306(b)(1)(A). Section 31306(c) pertains to testing and laboratory requirements and provides that

[i]n carrying out subsection (b) of this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall develop requirements that shall -

(7) provide for the confidentiality of test results and medical information (except information about alcohol or a controlled substance) of employees, except that this clause does not prevent the use of test results for the orderly imposition of appropriate sanctions

under this section[.]

- Id. § 31306(c)(7). Federal regulations clarify the extent to which test results pertaining to operators of motor vehicles are confidential. Section 382.401 of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, titled "Retention of records," requires employers to retain certain records pertaining to alcohol and controlled substances testing. See 49 C.F.R. § 382.401. Section 382.401 provides in part:
 - (a) General requirement. Each employer shall maintain records of its alcohol misuse and controlled substances use prevention programs as provided in this section. The records shall be maintained in a secure location with controlled access.
 - (b) Period of retention. Each employer shall maintain the records in accordance with the following schedule:
 - (1) Five years. The following records shall be maintained for a minimum of five years:
 - (i) Records of driver alcohol test results indicating an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or greater, [and]
 - (ii) Records of driver verified positive controlled substances test results[.]

. . . .

(3) One year. Records of negative and canceled controlled substances test results (as defined in part 40 of this title) and alcohol test results with a concentration of less than 0.02 shall be maintained for a minimum of one year.

Id. Section 382.405 of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations, titled "Access to facilities and records," provides in part:

(a) Except as required by law or expressly authorized or required in this section, no employer shall release driver information that is contained in records required to be maintained under § 382.401.

. . .

(h) An employer shall release information regarding a driver's records as directed by the specific written consent of the driver authorizing release of the information to an identified person. Release of such information by the person receiving the information is permitted only in accordance with the terms of the employee's specific written consent as outlined in § 40.321(b) of this title.

Id. § 382.405(a). Section 382.405 also specifies the circumstances under which an employer may release test results. See id. § 382.405(b)-(g).

You state that the submitted driver information is maintained by the school district in accordance with section 382.401 of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations and is subject to section 382.405. Based on your arguments and our review of the submitted information, we agree that the portions of the submitted information are confidential under section 31306 of title 49 of the United States Code and under section 382.405 of title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations. We have marked the submitted information that reflects the drug test results of former district school bus drivers and that is subject to section 382.405. You do not inform us that any written consent has been given with respect to the disclosure of the submitted information. Accordingly, we conclude that the school district must withhold the marked driver information in exhibit D pursuant to section 552.101 of the Government Code. The remaining submitted information must be released to the requestor.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the

governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. *Id.* § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. *Id.* § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

L. Joseph James

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

L. Joseph James

LJJ/seg

Ms. Laura C. Rodriguez - Page 5

Ref: ID# 226178

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Mr. Brian Collister
News 4 WOAI Trouble Shooters
1031 Navarro Street
San Antonio, Texas 78205
(w/o enclosures)